# **INTEGRATED EHS MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**

Final year project report

Submitted by

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R107213004

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## **MASTER OF TECHNOLOGY IN**

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Under the guidance of

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### **BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE**

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### ABSTRACT

The opportunity for industry to take advantage of integration of management systems has never been timelier. The International Organization for Standardization (ISO) with the release of 14001:2004 has taken steps to ensure that it aligns with the OHSAS 18001 has initiated greater emphasis on standards integration as well as combined audits. Common elements and language makes both implementation and auditing easier than in the past. The purpose of the present study was to develop plans for third-party auditing as well as internal audits of an organization registered to the standards with added components being the requirement to develop a multi-site audit plan. The project was undertaken by both EHSC and the EHSC organization audited in developing the third-party audit and internal audit program, respectively. With regard to the third-party audit process, the EHSC reviewed all current guidelines for both the development of the site EHS audit plan as well as those for the sustainable development process itself. A similar process was used by the auditing organization but with more flexibility due to the more limited requirements. Using several examples of components of the multi-site plan as well as the auditing criteria itself, the EHSC was able to develop a viable audit process and plan. With respect to the organization's audit process, the implementation of the plan required the integrated quality, environmental and safety management system audit at each of its 3 locations throughout the Jaipur (Rajasthan) which complemented internal regulatory audits. The resultant audit checklist include common elements of all the standards. This project concentrates on the internal audit tool, the source data to the audit checklists.

Keywords: Audit, Checklist, integrates quality, Sustainable development

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I am with EHSC from past four months and this project work was an opportunity to observe the organization more closely. It was a great pleasure to be with the organization & learn about its culture, practices, people, processes & safety activities.

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#### ANSHU SINGH KHEDA

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### **Chapter 1**

### Introduction

### 1.1 General

Established in the year 2005, EHS CONSULTANTS is spreading its wings in the field of Sustainable Development and providing Environment, Occupational Health & Safety, Social Accountability and Energy Management Systems Solutions; Including Deployment of Competent EHS Executives. Our multidisciplinary team is full of Passion, Dedication and Zeal to render its best to any Organization.

We work with clients and do not compromise with their Core Management Values. We rather, from the very first step, try integration of Triple Bottom Line Concepts into the Overall Management Strategy.

We combine resources across geographic boundaries and technical and scientific disciplines to provide clients with the best, most responsive team—whether responding to existing challenges, evaluating opportunities to improve performance, or seeking to reduce future liabilities. Clients around the country benefit from our unique ability to bring clarity to issues at the intersection of science, business and policy.

An Integrated Management System is a single integrated system used by an organization to manage the totality of its processes, in order to meet the organization's objectives and equitably satisfy the stakeholders. An integrated management system (IMS) combines all related components of a business into one system for easier management and operations. Quality (QMS), Environmental (EMS), and Safety (OHS) management systems are often combined and managed as an IMS.

IMS components common to all the systems include the resources (people, facilities & equipment, etc.) and processes (documented in the QMS/EMS/OHS and applied throughout the organization).

#### **EHS MS Manual**

This Manual is designed to serve as a comprehensive guide to the EHS Management System and all of its related components. It provides a detailed overview of the Management System's design and approach, and a summary discussion on all of the organizational components of the Management System. The Manual is an excellent source for obtaining a high-level and comprehensive perspective and understanding of the Organization's EHS requirements and the tools available to meet those requirements. All workers, management & staff should read the Manual to better assist in contributing to sound EHS practices.

### **1.2 Need for the study**

- Ensure compliance with legal and other requirements;
- Manage significant EHSS risks;
- Promote internal and external stakeholder engagement;
- Improve resource efficiency

### 1.3 Objectives of the study

- Environment Health Safety and Sustainability Policy
- Legal and other requirements
- Significant Aspects & Impacts
- Significant Hazards & Risks
- Injury & illness records
- Potential areas of continual improvement
- Resources available
- Consultation with Employees and views of the interested parties
- Operational and Business requirements
- Development areas derived after Incident and Accident investigation

#### **EHS Objectives**

#### Purpose of Setting up Objectives & Targets

Once the significant impacts and risks have been identified for the facility, the objectives and targets shall be established. Following will be considered for establishing objectives and targets-

- Environment Health Safety and Sustainability Policy
- Legal and other requirements
- Significant Aspects & Impacts
- Significant Hazards & Risks
- Injury & illness records
- Potential areas of continual improvement
- Resources available
- Consultation with Employees and views of the interested parties
- Operational and Business requirements
- Development areas derived after Incident and Accident investigation

Once the objectives & targets are established, they shall be approved by MR and documented for their implementation.

#### **1.4 Evaluation and Continuous Improvement**

Practically no system is impact free and not all implemented controls can eliminate the impact they are intended to address or reduce the impact to zero level. If the Impact could not be reduced to an acceptable level then impact management cycle should be repeated to identify the way of lowering the residual impact to an acceptable level.

EHSC is expanding and acquiring new facilities across different locations. Local regulatory requirements & geographic specific issues may pose new environmental challenges. Also by time the equipment suffer wear and tear & personnel changes occur which may throw up an already mitigated impact to surface again. Thus a periodic evaluation and assessment of aspects and impacts is necessary for sustained & continuous improvement. Evaluation of all the activities, including the ones added over the last one year, will be carried out by EHS annually to identify the new significant aspects / impacts to frame new process and improve EHSC Environmental health and Safety Performance.

# Chapter 2

# Literature review

S.No.	Name of the Author & Year	Objective	Working Principle	Findings
1	Marieta Olaru ,	The main objective of	Authors conducted a	The results of this
	Ionela Carmen	the quality-	study based on	study can be used to
	Pirnea , Andrei	environment-	questionnaire during	improve the
	Hohan & Mihaela	occupational health and	2011-2012 on a	monitoring of business
	Maftei in 2013	safety integrated	sample of	performance of small
		management systems is	173 small and	and medium
		to optimize the efforts	medium enterprises	enterprises by
		of businesses to meet	in Romania.	facilitating the
		customer demands and		development of new
		all stakeholders		business models for
				performance
				evaluation by
				integrating
				nonfinancial
				indicators
2	Marieta OLARU,	Establishing the basis	Models of various	Small and medium
	Dorin MAIER,	for development of an	management systems	companies lack most
	Diana NICOARĂ	organization by	(especially those	of all information
	c, Andreea	adopting the integrated	based on ISO 9001,	about the benefits of
	MAIER in 2011	management systems:	ISO 14001 and	the systems
		comparative study of	OHSAS 18001	and need guidance in
		various models and	referential)	order to implement
		concepts of integration	highlighting the	them as a Integrated
			advantages and	management system
			disadvantages of the	
			models studied.	

3	HUANG Lin-jun	Development of Safety	Authors compare	Authors suggest that
	, LIANG Dong	Regulation and	Australian and	an effective way of
	in 2013	Management System in	Chinese legislations	implementing safety
		Energy Industry of	and company	legislation is to use a
		China: Comparative	practices to learn	basic set of minimum
		and Case Study	lessons and best	normative
		Perspectives	practice to provide	requirements,
			Foundation to	supplemented with the
			improve the safety	requirement that
			management in	industry demonstrate
			China	continuous
				improvement of safety
				management systems,
				consistent with
				industry's
				development

### Chapter 3

# Ehsc Ims Aspect / Impact & Hazard /Risk and Objectives Management Guidelines

# 3.1 Environmental Aspects / Impacts, Hazard identification, Risk assessment and Risk Control

### 3.1.1 Purpose

- To identify the environmental health and Safety aspects & Hazards of all activities, products and services which EHSC performs in order to determine those that could potentially have significant impacts on the environment or Health and Safety of employees/ & Key stakeholders.
- To establish objectives & targets for continual improvement.

### 3.1.2 Scope

This procedure covers all activities, products and services of the site to.

- Establish a road map for Aspect & Risk Identification, Impact & Hazard Management
- Clarify and to bring in consistency in the methodology adopted for Aspect & Hazard Identification & its Impact Management.
- Identify Objectives and targets for EHS improvement.

These guidelines help identify the significant environmental aspects & Health and Safety Hazards of operations so as to control them through an effective IMS for enhanced environmental, Health & Safety performance.

### **3.1.3 General framework**

#### • Our approach

The aspect, impact & Hazard management guidelines allow the EHSC management to identify its activities and related aspects / Risk to put controls to mitigate the significant impacts & Risk to meet the organizational environmental Health and Safety objectives. The approach is shown in the below figure.

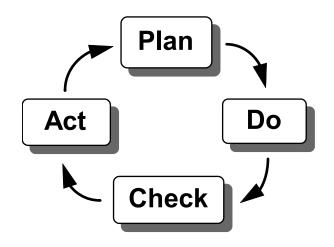


Figure 3.1

Environmental Health and Safety impact is the net impact of the related aspects & Hazards, considering the probability of occurrence, frequency of occurrence and the available detection and control capability. EHSC's impact & Risk management encompasses the following five key milestones.

- 1. Activity List: All the activities performed in EHSC are listed function wise & checked for duplication / overlapping & reconsolidated.
- Impact & Risk Evaluation: The identified impacts are rated in light environmental & risk elements considered to be important to EHSC context like probability of occurrence, frequency of occurrence, detection and control capability etc.
- 3. **Prioritization of Significant** The different environmental, Health and Safety impact ratings given by the team are segregated to identify the vital ones from the rest using Pareto Analysis.

- 4. Impact Assessment & Identification of Mitigation Plans : Identified significant impacts/Risk are assessed & analyzed for the probable causes. The causes are again prioritized by segregating them into most probable, somewhat probable and Unlikely causes. Mitigation plans are identified for the most probable causes.
- 5. Review of mitigation plans & continual improvement: Mitigation plans are reviewed for proper deployment / implementation, resource adequacy & effectiveness. The review results and learning's are reflected back on the annual process of identification of significant aspects / impacts, for enhancing the environmental health and safety performance.

The entire impact management is a team approach starting from identifying the activities / aspects, impacts, evaluating the impacts, prioritization of impacts, identification / review of mitigation plans to reflecting back on the process.

# **3.1.4 Integration of Impact & Risk Management into EHSC's Business Processes**

EHSC Business Process has four phases – Acquisition / Installation / Renovation, Operation, Maintenance and Closing & disposal. The impact & Risk management is an iterative process that can be performed during each phase of the business process life cycle. Table 1.0 describes different characteristics of each of the business process life cycle phases and indicates how the impact management shall be performed in support of each of the phases.

<b>Business Process life Cycle</b>	Phase Characteristics	Impact Management Activities
Phase		
Phase-I Acquisition / Installation / Renovation	Need for a new facility / equipment / renovation of existing facility / equipment is expressed and the purpose and scope of the same is documented. The new facility / equipment is procured / acquired / renovated & is made operational / installed. This also includes the routine purchase of any new material / consumable. This includes subcontracting of activities	Identify the potential environmental health and Safety aspects / impacts/hazards & legal requirements associated with the new facility / equipment / renovation process. The identified environmental aspects / impacts/Hazards and legal requirements also include the ones associated with physical process of installation & renovation. The same are suitably addressed in line with the recommendations of IMS manual EHSC, Aspect and impact & Hazard management guidelines, Procurement Process, Process for vendor selection evaluation & approval, Equipment Selection & Installation Guidelines, Plant and Machinery Maintenance Process & Procurement Process

Phase-II Operation	The new / renovated facility	Aspect /impact & Hazards
	/ equipment is enabled /	management Guidelines supports
	commissioned & made	the assessment of the existing
		C
	operational.	activities to establish the necessary
	This includes the use of all	mitigation plans.
	routine material /	The same are suitably addressed in
	consumables, loaned items	line with the recommendations of
	& subcontracted activities.	the AIHRA Guidelines.
		Also the legal requirements and key
		environmental health & safety
		characteristics are monitored and
		controlled on routine basis.
		Any waste generated during this
		phase is disposed off in accordance
		with waste management process.
Phase-III Maintenance	The facility / equipment	Whenever major changes are made
	when being used on routine	to the facility / equipment including
	basis is subjected to	renovation, Aspect/ Impact &
	deterioration & wear & tear.	Hazard management guidelines are
	This calls for continuous	followed suitably.
	monitoring, preventive	
	measures & repairing &	
	maintenance work.	Any waste generated during this
		phase is disposed off in accordance
		with waste management process.
Phase-IV Closing &	This phase involves closing	Aspect/Impact & Hazard
disposal.	of a facility, discarding /	management guidelines are applied
	transfer of an equipment &	to the activities associated with this
	disposal of scrap / waste	phase & suitably addressed. The

generated from such activities. Also this includes disposal	handled & safely disposed in accordance with the
of waste generated from the day-to-day operations / activities carried out in the organization.	recommendations of the waste management process.

### Table 3.1

### 3.2 Key Roles and Responsibilities

The key roles and responsibilities related to Impact & Risk Assessment are documented as part of IMS manual. Site Logistics leader along with site EHS Leader will be over all responsible for maintaining updated EHSC AIHRA Register & shall review annually for any changes.

### 3.2.1 Access to AIHRA Register and Management Database

EHS team owns the AIHRA REGISTER management Database. EHS teams have the writing, updating and review rights of this database. Rests of the core members have read only access to the database.

### **CHAPTER 4**

## Activity, Aspect & Impact Identification and determination of Significant Aspects / Impacts

### 4.1 Identification of Activity

Almost all activities, products & Services have some impact on the environment or health and Safety of employees or key stakeholders. Which may occur at any or all stages of the activities, product or services life cycle. These functions could be from any where between material acquisition and distribution to use and disposal.

The different Functions considered are as follows.

- Activities associated with employees/operations
- Activities associated with Facility/logistics
- Activities associated with Projects
- Activities associated with Maintenance
- Activities associated with Transport
- Activities associated with IT Stores
- Activities associated with security
- Activities associated with sourcing
- Activities associated with Legal
- Activities associated with Medical

### 4.2 Identification of Aspect

While identifying the environmental aspects, EHS core team shall consider aspects associated with the past & ongoing activities, products and services. In all such identified activities due consideration shall be given to the following situations

- 1. Normal & Abnormal Operating Conditions
- 2. Start Up and Shut Down maintenance
- 3. Emergency situation and accidents

- 4. Legal requirements
- 5. Organization controlled Activities / Aspects /Hazards
- 6. Activities / Aspects/Hazards that the organization can influence

The above identified situations have been in turn applied to the following identified into 9 environmental impacts and 7 Risk elements to comprehensively capture the aspects & Hazards associated with the organization's activities.

Nine Environmental Elements		Seven Risk Elements	
Natural Resource Depletion(NRD)	1	Injury to body	1
Natural Resource Depletion ( Power)	2	Property damage	2
Impact on Human	3	MSDs- ergonomics	3
Land Contamination	4	Hygiene concern	4
Potential hazardous condition to Flora & Fauna.	5	work related Stress	5
Air pollution	6	work related illness	6
Sound Pollution	-7	Others	7
Water Pollution	-8		
Others.	-9		

#### Table 4.1

### 4.3 Impact Evaluation Methodology

Each Aspect and Hazards are rated considering the severity or the problem, its probability of Occurrence and ability to detect the aspect or Hazard in the score of 1 to 10.(1 being lowest and 10 being highest) and an RPN no is derived by multiplying each Sev X Occ X Det= RPN.

If the activity/aspect/ Hazard is related to Legal requirement then entire RPN calculation will be waved of and the activity/aspect/ Hazard directly becomes Significant.

Table A B C respectively shows the detailed description of rating.

Severity is decided considering the Business criticality, impact on interested parties, and how severe the aspect is with regard to health & safety of the employees and key stake holders and to the environment.

CRITERIA	Severity No. (SEV)	Class
Failure mode may cause death of persons or Catastrophic		
loss or damage extending beyond site (point of		
origin)/Onsite facility//Extensive reportable environmental		
release affecting site and offsite facilities/Loss or damage		
permanently suspends routine operations throughout site	10	
and other sites/Major loss of market share/Major physical		
(proto-type unit or device) or intellectual (strategic plans)		
property loss or impact or affecting key stake holders &		_
occurs without warning		Critical

CRITERIA	Severity No. (SEV)	Class
Failure mode may cause death of persons or Catastrophic loss or damage extending beyond site (point of origin)/Onsite facility//Extensive reportable environmental release affecting site and offsite facilities/Loss or damage permanently suspends routine operations throughout site and other sites/Major loss of market share/Major physical (proto-type unit or device) or intellectual (strategic plans) property loss or severely affecting key stake holders & occurs with warning	9	
Failure mode may cause death of employees the key stake holder or permanent physical damage or Catastrophic loss or damage extending beyond site (point of origin)/Onsite facility// reportable environmental release affecting site and offsite facilities/Loss or damage permanently suspends routine operations throughout site and other sites/Major loss of market share/Major physical (proto-type unit or device) or intellectual (strategic plans) property loss or severely affecting key stake holders & occurs with warning more than 24 hrs.	8	

CRITERIA	Severity No. (SEV)	Class
May result in limited disruption/ moderate loss to business or damage affecting entire site/Environmental damage requiring an extensive clean-up resulting in extensive loss work time, Significant loss of high-value assets . Major hospitalization case, serious injury or illnesses to either employees or key stake holders.100 % of the services are disrupted with restore time more than an hour. Hospitalization cases but resolved in less than 24 hrs. major injury case	7	
May result in limited disruption/ moderate loss to business or damage affecting entire site/Environmental damage requiring an extensive clean-up resulting in extensive loss work time, Significant loss of high-value assets . Major hospitalization case, serious injury or illness to either employees or key stake holders. hospitalization needs more than 24 hrs.100 % Major part of the services disrupted with restore time less than 1/2 hour	6	
Negligible loss or damage/non-reportable environmental release/Informal investigation is required/Loss or damage does not affect operations Minor hospitalization case, can be discharged within 24 hrs.100 % of the services are disrupted with restore time more than an hour. Partial services operable with parallel restore time	5	Major

CRITERIA	Severity No. (SEV)	Class
Services operable but at the cost of convenience of the employees. Negligible loss or damage/non-reportable environmental release/Informal investigation is required/Loss or damage does not affect operations. Recovery is less than 24 hrs. Major first aid case but can be treated within the facility	4	
Services operable but at a reduced level of performance with delays. Negligible loss or damage/non-reportable environmental release/Informal investigation is required/Loss or damage does not affect operations. Minor first aid cases or No impact on the Business	3	
Service operable but with complaints and escalations. Complains from employees. No impact on the Business	2	
Failure modes which may effect the backend operations without disrupting the front-end services. No impact on the Business	1	Minor

 Table 4.2 Severity Number (SEV)

PROBABILITY	LIKELY FAILURE RATES	Occ No. (OCC)
Very High : Persistent Failures	Everyday	10
	Once in 2 days	9
High : Frequent Failures	Once in 5 days	8
	Once in 7 days	7
	Once in 15 days	6
Moderate : Occasional Failures	Once in a month	5
	Once in a Quarter	4
Low : Relatively few Failures	Once in 6 Months	3
	Once in a Year	2
Remote : Failure Unlikely	Once in 2 years	1

 Table 4.3 Occurrence Evaluation Criteria

Detection	Criteria	Inspection Types			Suggested Range of	DET
		Α	B	C	Detection Methods	DEI
Almost Impossible	Absolute certainty of non-detection				Cannot detect or is not checked	10
Very Remote	Controls will Probably not detect				Control is achieved with indirect or random checks only	9
Remote	Controls have poor chance of detection				Control is achieved with visual inspection only	8
Very Low	Controls have poor chance of detection				Control is achieved with double visual inspection only	7
Low	Controls may detect				Control is achieved with Control Charts	6
Moderate	Controls may detect				Control is achieved basis variable gauging	5
Moderately High	Controls have good chance to detect				Error detected in a subsequent step while executing the step in the process	4
High	Controls have good chance to detect				Error detected while executing the present step in the process	3
Very High	Controls almost certain to detect				There cannot be service disruption because the critical points of the steps	2

Detection Criteria		Inspection Types		es	Suggested Range of	DET
		Α	B	С	Detection Methods	
					are manned	
Very High	Controls certain to detect				There cannot be service disruption because the Process steps are error proofed and unmanned	1

### **Table 4.4** Detection Evaluation Criteria (DET)

The impact evaluation model of EHSC consists of Five Key Factors. The key factors are as follows.

- 1. Business Impact
- 2. Legal Requirement
- 3. Probability of Occurrence
- 4. Frequency of Occurrence
- 5. Detection and Correction Capability

### 4.4 Process of Impact Evaluation

### The EHS & Core team will carry out the impact assessment of EHSC

### activities using AIHRA Template

The first cut impact ratings will be assigned by the functional teams. The EHS and Core team will review the impact ratings with respect RPN Value and legal requirements:

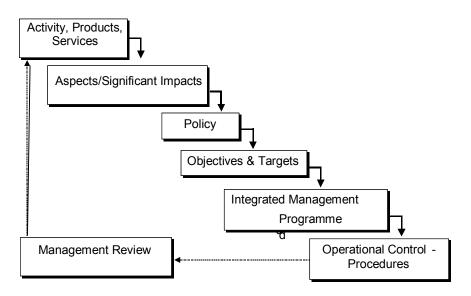
For a particular activity the Minimum Rating could be 1 (1X1X1) and Maximum could be 1000 (10X10X10).

# 4.5 Any Activity/ Aspect/ Hazard having scored the RPN Rating more than 125 would be consider Significant.

This template and RPN rating score is particularly selected as this is simple and a standard Quality matrix used across EHSC.

### • Impact Mitigation

Approach to Impact Assessment, Mitigation Planning & Review





### 4.5.1 Approach

Impact mitigation involves prioritization, evaluation and implementing the appropriate impact reducing controls. The elimination of all the impact is usually impractical or close to impossible, it is the responsibility of EMIT to use the least-cost approach and implement the most appropriate controls to decrease mission impact to an acceptable level, with minimal adverse impact on the organization's resource and mission.

The following impact mitigation methodology is used to address the impact mitigation at EHSC

1. **Select Vital Few:** Out of entire list of significant, select a vital few based on criticality, its application to legal and which are faster and easier to implement based on resources required.

- Prioritize Actions: Based on the impact levels present in the impact assessment report, the implementation actions are prioritized. In allocating the resources, top priority shall be given to impacts items which require immediate corrective action to protect the EHSC's interest and objectives considering the complexity, feasibility, legal dimension etc.,
- 3. Evaluation of recommended control Options: The controls recommended in the assessment process may not be the most appropriate and feasible options for entire organization. During this step, the feasibility, compatibility, user acceptance and effectiveness (e.g., degree of protection and level of impact mitigation) of the recommended control option are analyzed. This activity helped the team in selecting most appropriate control option for minimizing impact.
- 4. **Conduct cost benefit analysis:** In this stage, to aid management in decision making and to identify cost-effective controls conduct a cost benefit analysis.
- Select Controls: On the basis of result of cost benefit analysis, in consultation with management determine the most Cost – effective controls for reducing impact to EHSC. The selected controls are combination of technical, operational and management controls element.
- 6. Assign Responsibility and timeline: Appropriate functional activity owner will be nominated from the team based on skill set and expertise and who has control over the activity. On periodic basis, EMIT and management team shall monitored the implementation.
- 7. Post implementation of the mitigation plan, the EHS & core team will conduct an annual aspect & Impact & Hazard study afresh to identify new areas for improvement.
- 8. Residual Impact evaluation & continuous improvement.

Implementation of new or enhanced controls can mitigate the impact by

- Eliminating some of the system's vulnerabilities (flaws and weakness), thereby reducing the possibility of aspects or Hazards getting converted into concerning impacts or Risk to life & Property.
- Adding a targeted control to check the vulnerability / susceptibility & thereby reduce the possibility of aspects or hazard getting converted into concerning impact/Risk. Reduce the magnitude of the adverse impact/ Risk.

### CHAPTER 5

# EHSC Procedure for Identification and maintenance of Legal compliance

### 5.1 Purpose

The objective of this procedure is to assure that the site has appropriately addressed statutory requirements & complied with all applicable regulations. The procedure also establishes mechanism for regular update on various legal requirements

### 5.2 Scope

- This procedure covers all employees, Contractors & processes of EHSC at All India Sites.
- Legal requirements are not directly applicable to EHSC leased sites.
- EHSC does not bear responsibility to ensure the implementation of legal requirement pertaining to leased site.
- EHSC will ensure that the lease agreement has the requirement of complying to legal requirement from Owners side.

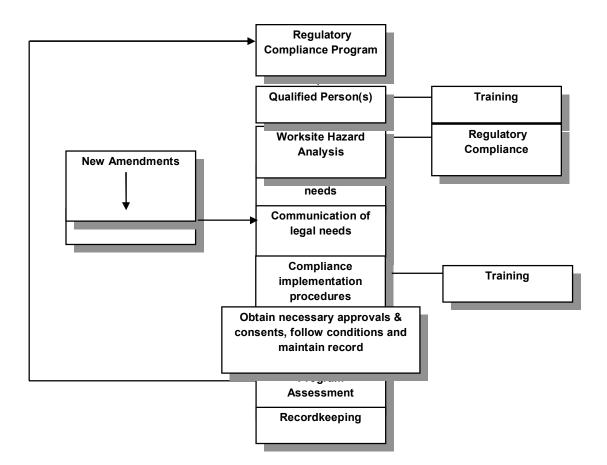
### **5.3 Responsibilities**

- The compliance team will be responsible for the overall implementation of the Regulatory Compliance Program.
- The following person(s) or job classification will be responsible for Regulatory Compliance

Regulatory Compliance	Logistic Leader / Maintenance Leader / EHS Specialist
<ul> <li>Regulatory Updates</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>EHS Specialist</li> </ul>
Training	EHS Specialist
<ul> <li>Review</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Internal Audit Team with MR</li> </ul>
Program Assessment	<ul> <li>MR &amp; Site Logistic Leader/ EHS Specialist</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Record keeping</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Logistic Leader/ RIM team</li> </ul>



### **5.4 Process flow**



### **Regulatory Compliance Program**

Figure 5.1

### 5.4.1 Compliance program

- A compliance program will be implemented. Inspections using area-specific checklists to identify key items will be scheduled and performed at least quarterly or upon change in legal applications whichever is earlier. Inspections should include talking with concerned employees on safety issues, and compliance issues.
- Any gap in compliance of legal requirement shall be complied immediately on priority.
- Quarterly report shall be prepared and submitted to leadership for review.

### 5.4.2 Regulatory compliance issues & Updates

- Regulatory compliance issues will be addressed immediately at the facility
- EHSC will subscribe to an Environtrends- a regulatory update facility from IndusEnviro to get the real-time updates on Regulatory requirements.

### **5.4.3 Program Evaluation**

- EHS team shall quarterly review the updates on legal requirements.
- The effectiveness of the Regulatory Compliance Program will be reviewed on an annual basis by Management Representative annually with leadership.

### 5.4.4 Corrective Action Plan

- The gaps found during evaluations will be closed through a Corrective Action Plan.
- The Corrective Action Plan would include clear responsibilities assigned.
- Corrective action items will be identified and prioritized, and a schedule for completion of action items will be developed. Corrective action items will be tracked to completion. Management will review open action items monthly.
- A tracking system will be developed to verify closure of action items. Corrective action items will be closed on a priority-based schedule.

### 5.5 Training

Those responsible for designated aspects of the Regulatory Compliance Program will be provided with training on the skills required to complete these responsibilities. The training will be accomplished through Classroom training by EHS Leader / through some other source Impact Evaluation Methodology by Checking Environment, Health and Safety Audits

### 5.5.1Purpose

Purpose is to establish a procedure to ensure and maintain an audit programme. Periodic EHS management system audits to be carried out in order to determine whether or not the EHS management system conforms to the planned arrangement for EHS management including the requirements of ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001 requirement and specifications.

- Determine whether or not EHS management system has been properly implemented and maintained
- Determine whether or not EHS management system is effective in meeting EHSC's policy and objectives
- Review the results of previous Audits
- Provide the information on the results of Audits to EHSC's Management.

### 5.5.2 Scope

This procedure applies to all Employees of EHSC and to each of the EHSC controlled Activity and entity.

### 5.6 General Frameworks and Procedure

- EHS Manageent Audits shall be conducted according to the planned arrangements Additional Audits can need to be performed as circumstances require.
- EHS Audits shall be carried out only by compentent, independent perosnnel.
- EHSC has identified internal auditors from each enabling function who are qualified and cometent to conduct the EHS Audits.
- EHSC considers the detailed assessments of the effectiveness of EHS procedures, the level of compliance with procedures and practices and where necessary identifies the corrective actions
- EHSC EHS management system audits shall be recorded and reported to management in a timely manner.
- Management shall review the results of the Audits and shall suggest the corrective actions where necessary.

### 5.6.1 Audit Scheduling

An Annual plan is prepared for carrying out internal EHS Audits . It covers the entire operation of the EHSC and for the entitys which are controlled by EHSC

The frequency of the Audits is related to includes:

• Risks associated with various failure modes of elemements of EHS management

- Data available
- Output from Management Reviews
- Extent of EHS Management system that EHSC operates are subject to change

Additional, unplanned, EHS management system can need to be conducted if situation occur which warrant them eg., after an Accident or any other crisis

### 5.6.3 Auditors

EHSC has identified Team of internal Auditors covering all Enabling functions. They are trained in EHS management Auditing. Auditors are aware of and have access to standards and guidelines relevant to the work they are engaged in. Audits shall be conducted by personnel independent of those having direct responsibility for the activity being examined

### 5.6.4 Audit Data collection and interpretation

The techniques and aids used in the collection of the information will depend on the nature of the EHS Management system Audit being undertaken . The EHS Management system shall ensure that a representative sample of essential activities is Audited and that relevant personnel ( including EHS representatives where appropriate ) are interviewed . Relevant document should be examined . This can include the following documentation :

- EHS Management system documentation
- EHSS policy statement
- EHS objectives
- EHS emergency procedures
- Permit to work systems and procedures
- EHS minutes of meeting
- Accident / Incident Reports and Records
- Any Reports or communication from EHS enforcement or other regulatory bodies ( verbal, letters, notices etc)
- Statutory registers and certificates
- Training records

- Previous EHS management system reports
- Corrective action requests
- Non-conformance reports
- EHS inspection Reports

### 5.6.5 Audit Results

The Audit results shall contain

- EHS objectives and scope
- Auditors identification
- Identification of reference documents
- Details of Non conformances
- Degree of conformity with EHS Management and standard requirements of ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001
- The ability of EHS management system to ahieve the stated EHS management objectives
- Distiribution of final EHS management system audit report

Audtis resulsts would be communicated to the concerned as soon as possible to allow corrective actions to betaken. Action plan of agreed remidial measures would be drawn up together with the identified responsilbe persons , completion dates , and reporting requirements. Follow up monitoring arrangments shall be follwed as defined in NC / PA/CA plan to ensure satisfectory implementation of the Audit recommendations.

Confidentiality shall be considered when communicating the information contained within the EHS Audit Reports

### 5.6.6 Key Roles and Responsibilities

- Management Representative, EHS Country Head, Site EHS Head are jointly responsible to implement the Audit plan
- Concerned Functional Heads and SLL are responsible for closing the Audit observations and NC's and reporting back to MR and EHS Team

• EHS Site Leader is responsible for Audit Reporting to MR, Country EHS Head, SLL and other required people.

### 5.6.7 Attachments

- Audit Annual Plan
- List of Internal Auditors and other authorized Auditors
- Audit check lists

### 5.6.8 Documentation

- The Site EHS Team shall maintain all the documents, records and Reports related to audits
- The Documents are both in Physical and Electronic Format.

# CHAPTER 6

# **Checking and Corrective Action**

### 6.1 EHS Performance Measurement and Monitoring

### 6.1.1 Objective

The purpose of this procedure is to measure the effectiveness of each EHSC's EHS element, program & related activities and annually identifying next steps for continuous improvement.

### 6.1.2 Scope

This procedure covers all EHS requirement of EHSC's and ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001 Requirement.

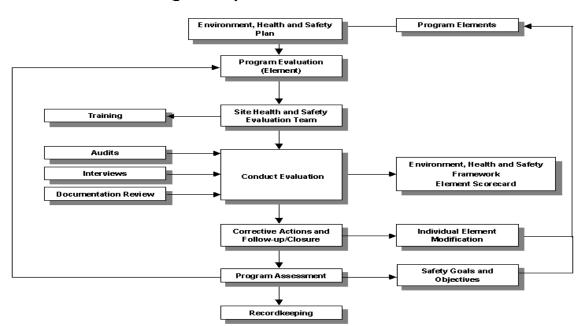
### 6.1.3 Responsibilities

Site Leader / Site Logistic Leader/ EHS Leader are responsible for the overall implementation of the EHS Program Evaluation.

S. No	Implementation	Responsibility		
1	Program Evaluation	Site Leader/ Site Logistics Leader/ EHS leader/EHS		
1	Team	Specialist		
2	Program Evaluation Business Leader/ Site Leader			
3	GAP Assessment	Site Leader/ Site Logistics Leader/ EHS leader/EHS		
5		Specialist		
4	Corrective Action	Respective element Head		
	Communication of			
5	Corrective & Program	Respective element Head		
	Modification			
6	Training	EHS Specialist		
7	Record keeping	EHS Specialist/ Respective element Head		
8	Session E & Self	Business Leader/ Site Leader/ Site Logistics Leader		
0	Assessment	Dusiliess Leader/ Site Leader/ Site Logistics Leader		

Table 6.1

### 6.1.4 Process Flow



Element 16 Program Implementation & Evaluation

Figure 6.1

### 6.1.5 Details of Program

• Program Evaluation & Timelines

Program Evaluation	Timeline	Site EHS Evaluation Team	Used For
EHS			
Framework			
Element	Half	EHS Specialist, EHS	Updating of Elements, procedures,
Procedures	yearly	Leader	responsibilities, regulation etc.
			Review of Implementation of Program,
		Respective Element	Training requirements, Performance of
EHS		Head, EHS Specialist	Respective element Team- leading to
Framework		,EHS Leader, Site	Performance appraisal for Team members of
Scorecard	Yearly	Logistics leader	Enabling function,
		Business Leader, Site	
		Leader, Site Logistics	
Session E	Yearly	Leader, EHS Leader	Next Year's Goal Statement

#### Table 6.2

The following aspects will also be incorporated into the system and may be used in addition to the EHS Framework Element Scorecard to evaluate the overall EHS program

- Review of injury and illness trends and performance.
- Employee/management interviews.
- Location/operation audits.
- Observation of job tasks and inspection of work areas.
- Review of written reports and records.
- Documentation of audit findings.
- Corrective actions and follow-up.
- Mention key charcteristics of each function as to what they do.

- Engg : / Legal : stat monitoring
- BCP drill reports / time
- Monitoring of risk register

After the completion of each evaluation, findings will be summarized for each element.

The EHS team will tabulate the results (key needs/findings and key strengths) for all the assessments.

### **6.2 Corrective Action Plans**

For each key need/finding identified in the EHS Framework/element Procedures or overall program evaluation, a Corrective Action Plan with key findings, recommended management solutions, responsible person/function and completion date will be developed by the team to address the finding. All corrective action will be tracked to completion through follow-up audit. EHS Framework Work Plan evaluation findings will be incorporated into the business metrics.

### **6.2.1** Communication of Findings

The findings of the Program Evaluation will be communicated to all concerned levels of employees. This communication will be accomplished through E-Mail or EHS Notice Board / intranet.

The communication of findings will emphasize the root cause of the finding and the established corrective action plan. Completed EHS Framework Scorecards will be sent to business-level EHS, annually by submitting scores through Power suite/ alternate tool.

### **6.2.2 Program Modification**

The Program Evaluation findings and Corrective Action Plans will be used to:

- Improve EHS program effectiveness.
- Establish additional performance requirements.
- Set priorities for completion of goals.
- Determine training needs.
- Identify the need for additional activities or resources.
- Enhance implemented EHS Framework Work Plan elements.

### 6.3 Training

Individuals responsible for designated aspects of the Program Evaluation will be provided with training on the skills required to complete these responsibilities EHS Specialist will give the necessary training.

### 6.3.1 Program Assessment

The effectiveness of the Program Evaluation protocol will be reviewed on an annual basis. Subsequent program updates will be made consistent with the review findings.

### 6.3.2 Record keeping

The findings of the individual self-assessments and the overall Program Evaluation will be maintained to document the ongoing review and modification of the EHS Program. These findings will be referenced in the coming year's safety and health program priorities.

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