

UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES
End Semester Examination, April/May 2018

SET-1

Course: Electronics Devices & Circuits-II
Semester: IV
Program: B.Tech EE, EL-BCT
Time: 03 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

SECTION A

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	What is the expected amplification of a BJT transistor amplifier if the DC supply is set to zero volts?	4	CO1
Q 2	What will happen to the output AC signal if the DC level is insufficient? Sketch the effect on the waveform.	4	CO1
Q 3	Draw the circuit diagram of a class B <i>npn</i> push-pull power amplifier using transformer- coupled input.	4	CO3
Q 4	Draw the circuit diagram of (a) a RC phase shift oscillator and (b) Wien bridge oscillator	4	CO3
Q 5	For a voltage divider configuration of common emitter transistor explain the effect of R_s (Series Resistor) and R_L (Load Resistor).	4	CO2

SECTION B

Q 6 Derive the parameters of Fixed biasing network using small signal analysis. Determine Z_i , Z_o , and A_v for the network of Fig. 1 if $I_{DSS} = 12 \text{ mA}$, $V_P = 6 \text{ V}$, and $y_{os} = 40 \mu\text{S}$.

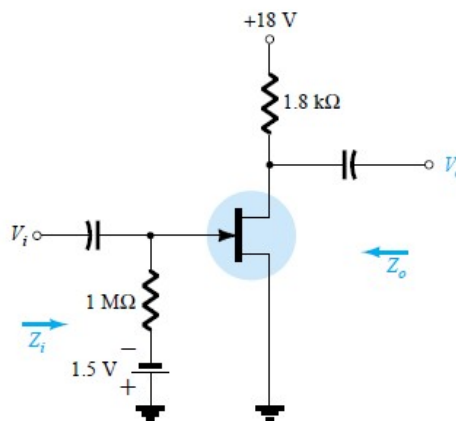


		Fig 1	
Q 7	<p>For the common-base amplifier of Fig. 2, determine:</p> <p>(a) Z_i. (b) A_i. (c) A_v (d) Z_o</p>	10	CO1
Q 8	<p>With the help of circuit diagram design, the following circuits and also explain in brief.</p> <p>(a) Voltage series feedback amplifier (b) Voltage shunt feedback amplifier (c) Current series feedback amplifier (d) Current shunt feedback amplifier</p>	10	CO5
Q 9	<p>Calculate the percentage efficiency of CLASS A amplifier and compare it with other power amplifier.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p>	10	CO4
Q 10	<p>For the network of Fig. 3:</p> <p>(a) Determine Z_i and Z_o. (b) Find A_v and A_i.</p>	10	CO2

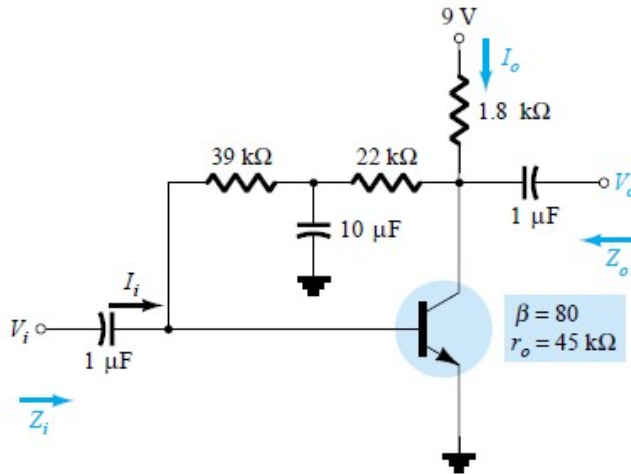


Fig. 3

SECTION-C

Q 11 For the cascaded system of Fig. 4 with two identical stages, determine:

- (a) The loaded voltage gain of each stage.
- (b) The total gain of the system, A_v and A_{v_s} .
- (c) The loaded current gain of each stage.
- (d) The total current gain of the system.
- (e) How Z_i is affected by the second stage and R_L .
- (f) How Z_o is affected by the first stage and R_s .
- (g) The phase relationship between V_o and V_i .

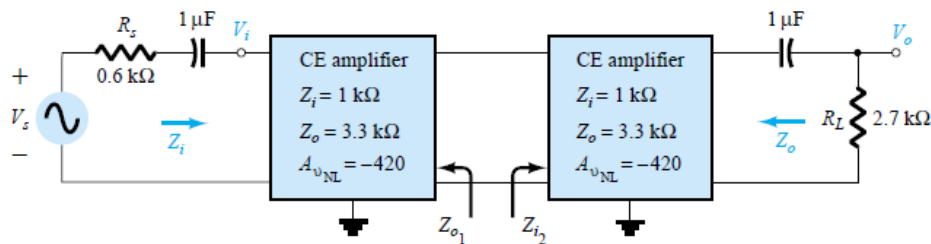


Fig.4

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CO3

Q 12 Consider a system, in which the input and output waveform is 180° out of phase. Design a positive feedback oscillator circuit using RC series circuit. It is desired to design a phase-shift oscillator (as in Fig. 18.21a) using an FET having $g_m = 5000 \mu S$, $r_d = 40 k\Omega$, and feedback circuit value of $R = 10 k\Omega$. Select the value of C for oscillator operation at 1 kHz and R_D for $A > 29$ to ensure oscillator action.

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CO5

OR

Q 13

For the source-follower network of Fig. 5:

- (a) Determine A_{vNL} , Z_i , and Z_o .
- (b) Determine A_v and A_{vs} .
- (c) Change R_L to 4.7 k Ω and calculate A_v and A_{vs} . What was the effect of increasing levels of R_L on both voltage gains?
- (d) Change R_{sig} to 1 k Ω (with R_L at 2.2 k Ω) and calculate A_v and A_{vs} . What was the effect of increasing levels of R_{sig} on both voltage gains?
- (e) Change R_L to 4.7 k Ω and R_{sig} to 1 k Ω and calculate Z_i and Z_o . What was the effect on both parameters?

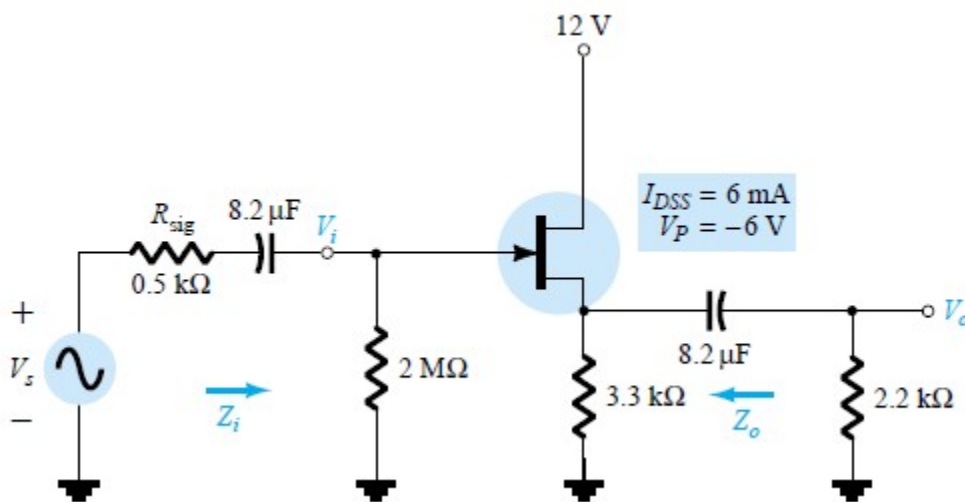


Fig.5

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CO2

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SET-2

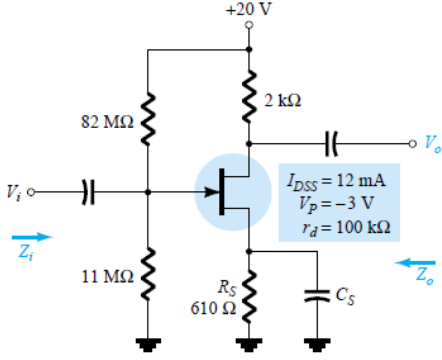
Course: Electronics Devices & Circuits-II
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SECTION A

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Can you think of the analogy that would explain the importance of the DC level on the resulting AC gain?	4	CO1
Q 2	What will happen to the output AC signal if the DC level is insufficient? Sketch the effect on the waveform.	4	CO2
Q 3	With the help of small signal transistor model define the phase relationship of input and output waveform. Define the above statement with the valid equations.	4	CO1
Q 4	Draw the circuit diagram of (a) a Hartley oscillator and (b) Colpitts oscillator	4	CO5
Q 5	Calculate the efficiency of class B push pull amplifier and compare it with other power amplifiers.	4	CO4

SECTION B

Q 6	<p>Determine Z_i, Z_o, and V_o for the network of Fig. 1 if $V_i = 20$ mV.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Fig 1</p>	10	CO2
Q 7	<p>For the common-base network of Fig. 2:</p> <p>(a) Determine Z_i and Z_o.</p> <p>(b) Calculate A_v and A_i.</p> <p>(c) Determine α, β, r_e, and r_o.</p>	10	CO4

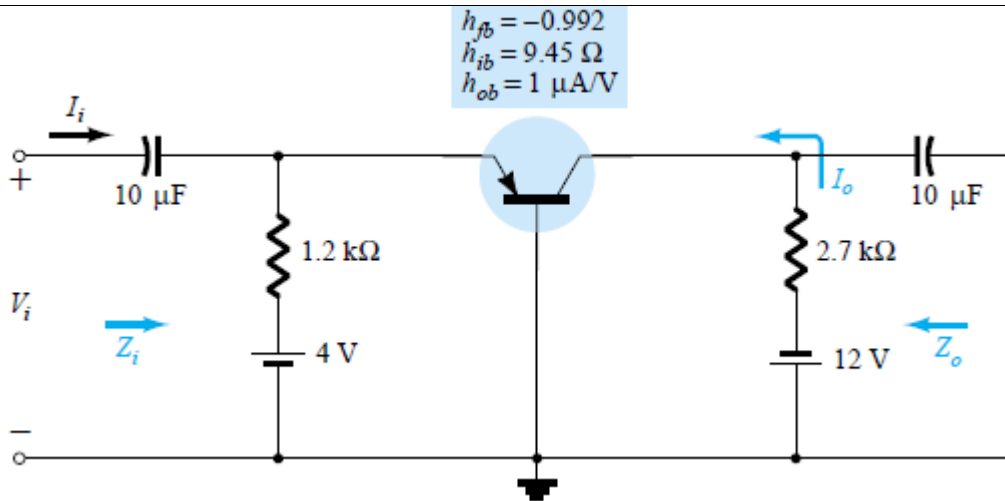


Fig.2

<p>Q 8</p>	<p>Explain in detail the essential conditions of Barkhausen criteria and how the conditions are validated for following circuits:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Voltage series feedback amplifier Voltage shunt feedback amplifier Current series feedback amplifier Current shunt feedback amplifier 	<p>10</p>	<p>CO5</p>
<p>Q 9</p>	<p>Calculate the percentage efficiency of CLASS A amplifier and compare it with other power amplifier.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p>	<p>10</p>	<p>CO4</p>
<p>Q 10</p>	<p>For the network of Fig. 3:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Determine Z_i and Z_o. Find A_v and A_i. 	<p>10</p>	<p>CO1</p>

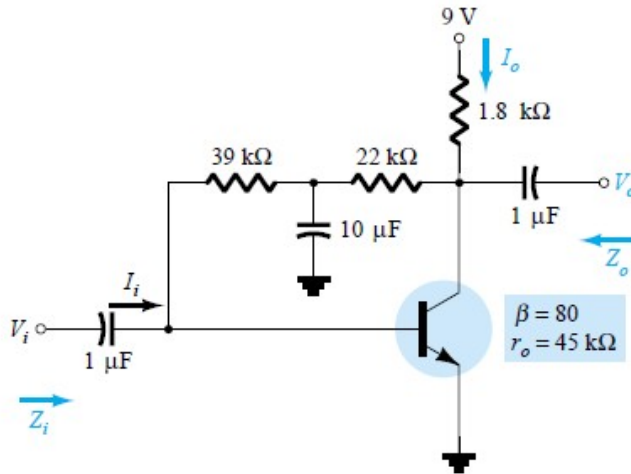


Fig. 3

Section C

Q 11

1. For the self-bias JFET network of Fig.4:

(a) Determine A_{vNL} , Z_i , and Z_o .

(b) Sketch the two-port model with the parameters determined in part (a) in place.

(c) Determine A_v and A_{vs} .

(d) Change R_L to $6.8 \text{ k}\Omega$ and R_{sig} to $1 \text{ k}\Omega$ and calculate the new levels of A_v and A_{vs} . How are the voltage gains affected by changes in R_{sig} and R_L ?

(e) For the same changes as part (d), determine Z_i and Z_o . What was the impact on both impedances?

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CO2

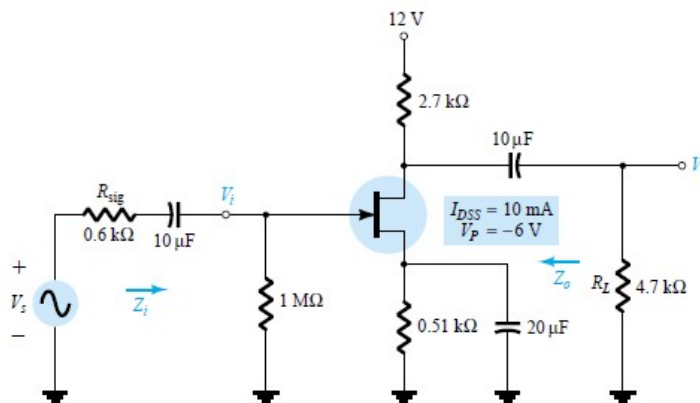


Fig.4

OR

Q 12

For the source-follower network of Fig. 5:

- (a) Determine A_{vNL} , Z_i , and Z_o .
- (b) Determine A_v and A_{vs} .
- (c) Change R_L to 4.7 k Ω and calculate A_v and A_{vs} . What was the effect of increasing levels of R_L on both voltage gains?
- (d) Change R_{sig} to 1 k Ω (with R_L at 2.2 k Ω) and calculate A_v and A_{vs} . What was the effect of increasing levels of R_{sig} on both voltage gains?
- (e) Change R_L to 4.7 k Ω and R_{sig} to 1 k Ω and calculate Z_i and Z_o . What was the effect on both parameters?

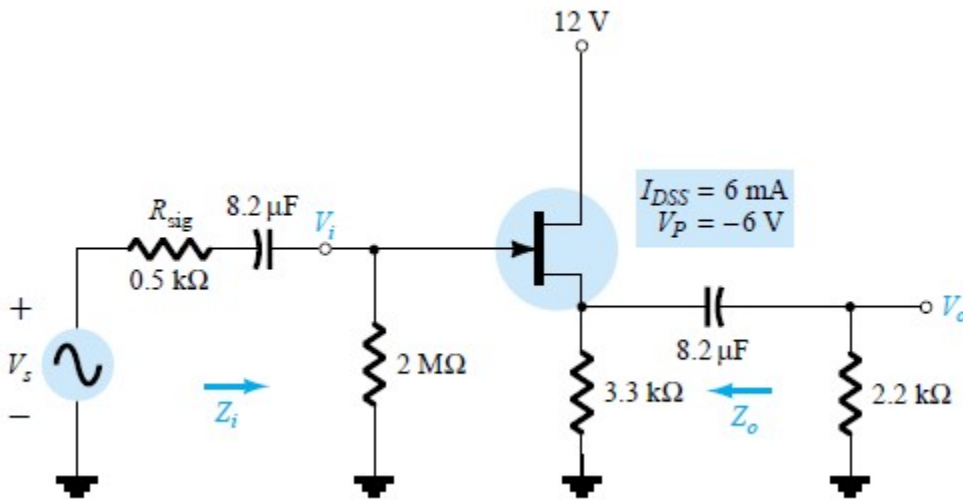


Fig.5

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CO2

Q 13

Consider a system, in which the input and output waveform is 180° out of phase. It is desired to design a phase-shift oscillator using an FET having $g_m = 5000 \mu S$, $r_d = 40 k\Omega$, and feedback circuit value of $R = 10 k\Omega$. Select the value of C for oscillator operation at 1 kHz and R_D for $A > 29$ to ensure oscillator action.

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CO4