UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES
End Semester Examination, May 2019

Course: B. Plan   Semester: VI
Program: Planning & Management of Informal Sector   Time 03 hrs.
Course Code: BPLC 304   Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: All question are compulsory where as anyone in Q8 of section B and any one in Q11 of section C.

SECTION A (05x04=20 marks)

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Differential between informal <u>sector</u> vs formal <u>sector</u>.	04	CO1
Q 2	How is informal <u>activity</u> different from formal <u>activity</u>?	04	CO2
Q 3	Which of the basic need is provided under HFA-2022 to urban poor?	04	CO5
Q 4	What do you understand by the term "employee" as per 17th International Conference of Labour Statisticians?	04	CO3
Q 5	What are the estimates of informal employment in India?	04	CO4

SECTION B (04x10=40 marks)

Q 6	Regional disparity is due to socio-economic deprivation, explain.	10	CO3
Q 7	With suitable examples, bring out the difference between informal sector, informal worker/ employment and informal economy.	10	CO1
Q 8	Explain the three theories of Migration.	10	CO2
Q 9	a) What are the standards of 'basic needs' to be provided to urban poor and how does it relate to urban poverty? OR b) Which was the first commercial capital that showed informal activity to world?	10	CO4

SECTION-C (02x20=40 marks)

Q 10	What is the role of informal sector in housing stock, economy and commercial sector?	20	CO5
Q 11	a) How has internal migration, contributed significantly to the growth of Indian cities? OR b) How is urban poverty relevant for spatial planner? How to plan and manage it?	20	CO3

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SECTION A (05x04=20 marks)

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	What are the estimates made in 55th round of labour force survey on informal employment in India?	04	CO4
Q 2	Define the term "beneficiary" as used in government schemes?	04	CO2
Q 3	Briefly explain the scheme of Housing for all by 2022.	04	CO1
Q 4	The 17th International Conference of Labour Statisticians has witnessed definition of "employee", write about it?	04	CO5
Q 5	Why was "Agora" viewed as a public space of informal activity?	04	CO3

SECTION B (04x10=40 marks)

Q 6	How socio-economic "deprivation" in informal sector increases regional disparity?	10	CO2
Q 7	Describe any three method of participatory planning?	10	CO3
Q 8	Describe any one scheme that has worked to provide basic need to urban poor.	10	CO4
Q 9	a) What do you understand by urban poverty? Where to look for them as a spatial planner to plan and manage it? OR b) What is 'basic needs' and its problem in urban area? Explain their standards, as for provision to urban poor?	10	CO1

SECTION-C (02x20=40 marks)

Q 10	What is the informality associated with slum that you would address as a planner, why are they called as informal settlement?	20	CO3
Q 11	a) Explain push and pull theory, economic approach and behavioral factor of migration OR b) How has informal sector implicated the housing stock of a city?	20	CO5