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UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination, December 2017

Program: B.Com.,LL.B.(Hons.)

Semester – V

Subject (Course): Law of crimes

Course Code : LLBL211

No. of page/s: 2

Max. Marks : 100

Duration : 3 Hrs

Section A

(Note: Attempt all questions. Each question carries two marks)

1. Write the correct answer

- (a) Which section of I.P.C defines wrongful confinement?
- (b) What is the minimum punishment, prescribed in I.P.C, for the commission of offence Gang rape?
- (c) Property is not delivered in Extortion.....Correct/Wrong.
- (d) Which offence of I.P.C. is related with *Cherubin Gregory v. State of Bihar AIR 1964 SC 205*?
- (e) Give a factual example of the offence of abetment of abetment.

Section B

(Note: Attempt any four questions. Each question carries five marks)

- 2. Explain the nature of offence committed by *doli incapex*.
- 3. Discuss the commencement and continuance of the right of private defence of the body.
- 4. Define forgery with two factual examples.
- 5. Write the differences between rape and adultery
- 6. Write down the meaning of cruelty mentioned in section 498-A Indian Penal Code

Section C

(Note: Attempt any two questions. Each question carries ten marks each)

7. Discuss the provisions of Indian Penal Code, which deals with the offence of outraging the modesty of woman. Do you think that these all provisions are sufficient to curb this offence?
8. Discuss the criminal liabilities of an accused for causing death of a person by rash and negligence act with relevant provisions of Indian Penal Code. Also, compare rash with negligent act.
9. Aditya is a warehouse-keeper. James Greggor going to attend a conference, entrust his bike to Aditya, under a contract that it shall be returned on payment of Rs. One thousand and one hundred for warehouse charge. Aditya dishonestly sells the bike.
Discuss the nature of offence committed by Aditya?

Section D

(Note: Attempt any two questions. Each question carries 25 marks)

10. Ratan Lal gave his Timex watch to Anna Desai for repairing on 20 November 2017 at Bardi, Nagpur (Maharashtra). The repairing charge was Rs. 700 and Ratan Lal promised to pay by 22 November 2017. Ratan Lal did not pay by due date so Anna Desai took back the repaired watch and retained lawfully as a security for the debt. On 24 November 2017, Ratan Lal visited to the shop of Anna Desai and silently took his watch when Anna Desai was busy with some other customers. Ratan Lal also paid the dues and demanded his watch but Anna Desai was unable to trace his watch. Now, Ratan Lal demanded Rs. Five thousand from Anna Desai for unable to return his watch. CC TV reveals the fact of taking the watch by Ratan Lal.

- (a) Discuss the nature of offence committed by the Ratan Lal under Indian Penal Code.
(b) Discuss the rights and criminal liabilities of Ratan Lal and Anna Desai.

11. Compare culpable homicide amounting to murder with culpable homicide not amounting to murder in the light of relevant provisions of Indian Penal Code and important case laws.

12. (a) Describe the essential ingredients for deciding the offence of rape under section 375 of Indian Penal Code.
(b) What are the changes brought in offence of rape and provision of its punishment by the Criminal law (Amendment) Act, 2013?