UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES



: 3 Hrs

Duration

End Semester Examination – May, 2017

Program/course: BBA FT
Subject: Role of Multilateral Agencies
Semester – IV
Max. Marks : 100

Code: BBFT 107 No. of page/s: 2

All the questions are compulsory

Section A (30 marks)

Q1. Write full form of abbreviation (20 marks)

- i. UNDP
- ii. IBRD
- iii. APEC
- iv. ILO
- v. UNIDO
- vi. EBRD
- vii. WTO
- viii. IDB
- ix. IDA
- x. ISO

Q2. State 'True' or 'False'

(10 marks)

- i. International Finance Corporation was established in 1957.
- ii. IBRD obtains most of the funds by marketing borrowing through the issue of bonds which have AA rating.
- iii. IMF has 188 member countries at present.
- iv. Christine Lagarde is present head of IMF executive board.
- v. The original aim of IMF was not to promote exchange rate stability.

Section B (30 marks)

Attempt all questions. Each question carries 6 marks

- Q1. What is role of multilateral agencies in promoting economic stability?
- Q2. Mention the reforms undertaken by the government to open up Indian economy in 1991 with suitable examples.
- Q3. State the objectives framed when IMF was established.
- Q4. Write a note on establishment of Bretton Wood System.
- Q5. Define and state 'Privatization' with appropriate examples.

Section C (40 marks)

- Q1. "It is often mentioned by economists that IMF adopts 'one policy fits all'. How far is this statement true in terms of Asian economies (Thailand, Indonesia, Korea and Malaysia) that went through the crisis in late nineties' (1997)"? How far were IMF policies and interventions instrumental in solving economic mess prevailing in these countries were? Discuss the statement (each case) critically. (20 marks)
- **Q2.** There was shift in the strategy of Singapore in the late 1969 after it got ejected from Federation of Malaysia? Discuss w.r.t major policy decisions taken by government in respective sectors and the milestones achieved to convert it into Asian Tiger. (**20 marks**)