

<b>Name:</b>	 <b>UPES</b> UNIVERSITY WITH A PURPOSE
<b>Enrolment No:</b>	

**UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES**  
**End Semester Examination, December 2019**

**Course: Indian Political System**

**Semester: III**

**Program: BA PPA**

**Course code: BA PP 2003**

**Instructions:**

**Time: 03 Hours**

**Max. Marks: 100**

**SECTION A**

**( 20 Marks)**

**All are compulsory. 2 marks each**

1	Which of the following Act of British India designated the Governor-General of Bengal?  a. Regulating Act, 1773  b. Pitt’s India Act of 1784  c. Charter Act of 1793  d. Charter Act of 1813	2	CO1
2.	Which of the following British Act introduces Indian Civil Service as an open competition?  a. Charter Act of 1793  b. Charter Act of 1813  c. Charter Act of 1833  d. Charter Act of 1853	2	CO1
3.	Consider the following.  I. The office of Governor-General of Bengal replaced with the Governor-General of India.  II. Lord William Bentinck became the “First Governor General of British India”.	2	CO1

	<p>Which of the above statement (s) is/are correct about the main features of The Charter Act of 1833?</p> <p>a. Only I</p> <p>b. Only II</p> <p>c. Both I and II</p> <p>d. Neither I nor II</p>		
4.	<p>Who was the first Governor-General of Bengal?</p> <p>a. Lord Warren Hastings</p> <p>b. Lord William Bentinck</p> <p>c. Lord Mayo</p> <p>d. Robert Clive</p>	<b>2</b>	<b>CO1</b>
5.	<p>Which of the following Government of India Act/Indian Council Act brought three separate presidencies (Madras, Bombay and Bengal) into a common system?</p> <p>a. Indian Council Act of 1861</p> <p>b. Government of India Act, 1935</p> <p>c. Government of India Act, 1919</p> <p>d. Indian Council Act of 1909</p>	<b>2</b>	<b>CO1</b>
6	<p>When did Morley-Minto reforms taken place?</p> <p>a. 1905</p> <p>b. 1909</p> <p>c. 1919</p> <p>d. 1857</p>	<b>2</b>	<b>CO1</b>

7.	<p>Who was the Prime Minister of Britain at the time of commencement of the Indian Independence Act 1947?</p> <p>a. Lord Palmerston</p> <p>b. Clement Attlee</p> <p>c. Edward Smith-Stanley</p> <p>d. Benjamin Disraeli</p>	2	CO1
8.	<p>Under the Indian Independence Act, 1947 it was provided that:</p> <p>a. India will be a republic</p> <p>b. India will be divided into two parts</p> <p>c. India will be unitary state</p> <p>d. It will be compulsory for princely states to join India / Pakistan</p>	2	CO1
9.	<p>Which of the following Act led to the introduction of dual system of government in India?</p> <p>a. Pitt's India Act, AD 1784</p> <p>b. The Regulating Act, AD 1773</p> <p>c. Charter Act, 1793 AD</p> <p>d. Charter Act, 1813 AD</p>	2	CO1
10.	<p>Which of the following act ended the monopoly of trade of East India Company with China and sea route also?</p> <p>a. Pitt's India Act, AD 1784</p> <p>b. The charter Act, 1813 AD</p> <p>c. Charter Act, 1833 AD</p> <p>d. The Regulating Act, AD 1773</p>	2	CO1

**SECTION B****( 20 Marks)****Answer All**

11	Discuss briefly how the President of India is elected and the method of his/her removal.	5	CO1, CO2, CO3
12	Describe the functions of Council of Ministers in Indian Parliament	5	CO1, CO2, CO3
13	Briefly state the special powers of Rajya Sabha.	5	CO1, CO2, CO3
14	Write a note on the Vice-President of India	5	CO1, CO2, CO3

**SECTION-C****( 30 Marks)****Answer Any TWO**

15	Discuss the salient features of the Preamble, while bringing out the significance of the preamble with respect to its features.	15	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
16	Do you think Governor is a necessary constitutional position? Argue.	15	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
17	Discuss the composition and functions of Supreme Court of India.	15	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4

**SECTION-D****( 30 Marks)****Answer Any TWO**

18	Critically examine the Center-State relations, in India.	15	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
19	In the light of the powers and functions of the President of India, assess the Constitutional Position of the President of India.	15	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
20	Discuss the composition of the Indian Parliament. Do you think the Lok Sabha to be more powerful than the Rajya Sabha? Argue.	15	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4