Name:

Enrolment No:



UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES Online End Semester Examination, May 2021

Section A

Instructions:

- 1. Each Question will carry 5 Marks
- 2. Complete the statement /select the correct answer(s)
- 3. Answer should be fill in blank, true or false.

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S. No.	Question	CO	
Q 1	 (i) Potassium, Rubidium and Cesium can form all types of oxides, when burnt in air. True/False (ii) Potassium ion hascharge andpolarizing power than barium ion. higher/lower (iii)of group-I can form only normal oxide and peroxide. (iv) X, Y and Z of group-II can form only normal oxides. Write down the name of the elements X, Y, and Z. (v) Beryllium does not react with steam. True/False (1* 5= 5 Marks) 	CO1	
0.2	Bauxite- [a], Classiterite- [b], Salt Petre- [c], Karnalite- [d] and Calamine [e] are the ores of which		
Q 2	metals. Write their name citing a, b, c, d and e. (1* 5= 5 Marks)	CO2	
Q 3	(i) Diborane can be prepared by the reaction ofwith		
	(ii) The shape of PCl ₅ is	CO1	
	(iii) Peroxomonosulphuric acid is also known as		
	(iv) The shape of the SF ₄ molecules is		
	(v) Mention any two examples of pseudohalogens. (1*5= 5 marks)		
Q 4	(i) In C ₆₀ , the number of pentagons areand hexagons are	CO1	
	(ii) The order of acidity in boron trihalides is BF ₃ >BBr ₃ >BCl ₃ . (True/False)		
	(iii) Among B ₅ H ₉ , B ₄ H ₁₀ and B ₁₂ H ₁₂ ² -, which one will show closo structure?		
	(iv) The order of the first ionization potential is Mg < Al <p<s false)<="" or="" td="" true=""></p<s>		
	(v) Atoms in a P4 molecule of white phosphorus are arranged regularly at the center and corners		
	of a tetrahedron (True or False) (1*5= 5 marks)		

Q 5	(i) The total pressure (in atm) of a gaseous mixture containing 4 gm of oxygen and 3 gm of	
	hydrogen, confined in a total volume of one liter at 20 °C, will be	
	(ii) The compressibility factor (z), for an ideal gas is	CO3
	(iii) The V_{rms} of certain gas at 27 0 C is b m/sec. Its V_{rms} at 927 0 C will be (3+ 2*1= 5 marks)	
Q 6	(i) Polonium has simple cubic unit cell (n=1). The atomic mass of the same is 209 gm/mol, while	
	its density is 0.0915 gm/cm ³ . Find out the edge length of the unit cell of Polonium in cm.	CO3
	(ii) The SI unit of coefficient of viscosity is Kg-m/sec. (True/False)	
	(iii) A liquid rises in a capillary tube is due to	
	Section B	<u> </u>
Instru	ctions:	
3. Que	te short/brief notes of 1-2 page answer. stion 5 has internal choices, and hence you have to attempt only one out of two questions. w the neat diagram, to justify your answer.	
Q 1		1
Q 1	(i) The value of 'k' for a first order reaction is 0.00154 sec^{-1} . Find out the $t_{1/2}$ of the reaction.	
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	(ii) The rate constant of a second order reaction (in liter/mole-sec) is 0.00057 & 0.00164 at 25 °C	CO2
	(ii) The rate constant of a second order reaction (in liter/mole-sec) is 0.00057 & 0.00164 at 25 °C and 40°C respectively. Find out the activation energy of the reaction in KCal. (4+6= 10 marks)	CO2
	(ii) The rate constant of a second order reaction (in liter/mole-sec) is 0.00057 & 0.00164 at 25 °C and 40°C respectively. Find out the activation energy of the reaction in KCal. (4+6= 10 marks) Discuss the	
Q 2	(ii) The rate constant of a second order reaction (in liter/mole-sec) is 0.00057 & 0.00164 at 25 °C and 40°C respectively. Find out the activation energy of the reaction in KCal. (4+6= 10 marks) Discuss the (i) Differential and (ii) Half-life method for the determination of the order of the chemical reaction.	CO2
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Q 2 Q 3	(ii) The rate constant of a second order reaction (in liter/mole-sec) is 0.00057 & 0.00164 at 25 °C and 40°C respectively. Find out the activation energy of the reaction in KCal. (4+6= 10 marks) Discuss the (i) Differential and (ii) Half-life method for the determination of the order of the chemical reaction. (2*5=10 marks) (i) Discuss in detail about the differences between Lithium and other alkali metals. (ii) Describe the structure of the Orthosilicates, Pyrosilicates. (2*5=10 marks)	CO2
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Q 2 Q 3	(ii) The rate constant of a second order reaction (in liter/mole-sec) is 0.00057 & 0.00164 at 25 °C and 40°C respectively. Find out the activation energy of the reaction in KCal. (4+6=10 marks) Discuss the (i) Differential and (ii) Half-life method for the determination of the order of the chemical reaction. (2*5=10 marks) (i) Discuss in detail about the differences between Lithium and other alkali metals. (ii) Describe the structure of the Orthosilicates, Pyrosilicates. (2*5=10 marks) Discuss the synthesis of any three Oxoacids of halogens, citing their structures too. (10 marks) Starting from van der Waal's equation, derive the values of critical volume (V _c) and critical pressure (P _c) in terms of van der Waal's constant 'a' and 'b'. Calculate the V _c and P _c for CO ₂ , if	CO2

Section C

Instructions:

- 1. Question is of 20 marks
- 2. Write long answer of 2-3 page.
- 3. Draw the neat diagram to justify your answer.
- 4. Internal choices is there and hence you have to attempt only one question.
- Q 1 (i) Derive a relationship between the interplaner spacing of a crystal and the wavelength of X-ray diffracted by it.
 - (ii) Water passes through a viscometer in 30 seconds. The same volume of oil required 2263.7 seconds. If the viscosity of water is 0.00101 kg/m-sec, density of water is 998 kg/m³ and density of the oil is 1100 kg/m³, find out the viscosity of the oil.

OR

CO₃

- (i) Discuss the working principle and details of the Ostwald method for the determination of the viscosity.
- (ii) A body centered cubic element of density 10.3 gm/cm^3 has a cell edge of 314 pm. Find out the atomic mass of the element, considering the N_A = $6.023 \times 10^{23} \text{ gm/mole}$. (12+8= 20 marks)