

Name:	 UPES UNIVERSITY WITH A PURPOSE
Enrolment No:	

UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination, December 2021

Course: Mid & Down Stream O&G Law (Hons 2)

Program: BA, LL.B. (Hons.) Energy Law

Course Code: CLEL 3002

Semester: VII

Time: 03 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: All questions are compulsory.

SECTION-A

	Answer the following questions-	Marks	CO
Q.1.	Define the Key business streams of Midstream- Downstream Sector	02	CO1
Q.2.	Who does the Gas Price Administration in India and why ? What is IGX ?	02	CO1
Q.3.	Define Class A, Class B & Class C Petroleum	02	CO1
Q.4.	What are OISD standards and it's relevance in O&G Downstream Industry ?	02	CO2
Q.5.	Define the term Hot Works used in Petroleum Rules 2002 .	02	CO2

SECTION B

Q1	Discuss the process of Natural Gas Pipeline Infrastructure & transportation and lay out of City gas & LPG Distribution through Pipelines , & resulting Network maintenance & policy aspects .	5	CO2
Q2	Discuss and appraise the Salient points of Strategic provisions brought out in Petroleum Rules 2002 in respect of Importation of Petroleum (Rule 14-18)' Storage of Petroleum(125-129) and Refining of Petroleum (162-69) .	5	CO2
Q3	Elaborate & analyse the key provisions of Petroleum Act 1934 with reference to Testing of Petroleum (section 19-21) and Penalties & processes dealing specifically with Confiscation of Petroleum products, Jurisdiction, Power of Entry & Search ; Notice of Accidents & enquiries in Serious Accidents (section 23,24,26,28)	5	CO2
Q4	Bring out the differences between common carrier, contract carrier and dedicated transportation pipelines as per the provisions of PNGRB Act 2006.	5	CO2

SECTION-C

Q1	Elaborate and Critically Analyse the Powers of PNGRB including various factors considered in determining tariff under the natural Gas tarrif regulations.	10	CO3
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	<p>Can PNGRB interfere with the terms of GTA (Gas Transportation Agreement) entered into between the private parties/entities ?</p> <p>How does PNGRB takes care of market changes (i.e.inflation, cost escalation etc), in such tariff determination ?</p>		
Q 2	<p>Elaborate & critically analyse the key provisions existing in the Gas Cylinder Rules 2016 with reference to : Filling of Gas Cylinders (Chapter II) ; Importation of Cylinders (Chapter III) ; Accident & Enquiry provisions (Chapter VIII 66-69) ; Powers Under Different Circumstances /emergencies in gas Cylinder business .</p>	10	C03
SECTION-D			
Q 1	<p>Critically deliberate & Analyse the overall functions of PNGRB under the Act, 2006 and how does PNGRB propose to undertake such functions in the field of a) grant of approval of Entities b) Dispute settlement C) appeals to Apellate tribunal & supreme Court d) situations needing taking over of business controls of mid-downstream entities e) diverse obligations of Entities .d) Pipeline development & access regulations as per PNGRB Modified regulations 2008 & regulations 2010 /12</p> <p>Substantiate & apply the limitations of PNGRB in terms of it's Powers ; duly brought out by the Supreme Court in the case of PNGRB vs IGL? Can PNGRB interfere with the terms of GTA (Gas Transport Agreements) entered between the private parties .</p>	25	C03
Q 2	<p>Critically Elaborate & apply the key legal Provisions brought out in Petroleum Pipeline developmwnt Act 1962 in respect of land Acquisition Notification ; Hearing of Objections ; declaration of Acquisition of Rights & acquired land Compensation issues (under Sections 3,5,6,10,11) . What happens if the land owner refuses to accept the Compensation ?</p> <p>What are the underlying provisons to resolve Cognizable offences undr the Act .</p> <p>How does the legal provisions undr the Act react to the willful obstruction of the pipeline development works by land owners.</p>	25	C03