Name: **Enrolment No:** 



## **School of Business UPES**

## **End Semester Examination December, 2022**

Program:B Com Mba

**Subject/Course: Auditing and Assurance** 

**Course Code:FINC2077** 

Semester:3rd Max. Marks: 100 **Duration: 3 Hours** 

## IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

	All questions are compulsory.					
Q.No	Section A (10 questions of 2 marks each)	Marks	COs			
1	The income of a resident individual becomes taxable only when it exceeds Rs. a. 2,50,000. b. 5,00,000. c. Zero. d. None of these.	2	1			
2		2	1			
3	A is eligible for doing financial audit of business organizations.  a. Chartered accountant.  b. Cost accountant.  c. Management accountant.  d. All of these.	2	1			
4	Goods and service tax registration is required compulsorily only when turnover exceeds Rs. a. 30,00,000. b. 25,00,000. c. 20,00,000. d. 15,00,000.	2	1			
5	A single individual cannot have more than one a. Pan number. b. GST number. c. Both a and b.	2	1			

	d. None of these.		
	Audit is mandatory in case of business if turnover exceeds Rs.		
6	a. 1 Crore.	2	
	b. 2 Crore.	2	1
	c. 3 Crore.		
	d. None of these.		
	controls the banking system of a country.		
7	a. Reserve bank of India.	2	
	b. Syndicate bank.	2	1
	c. World bank.		
	d. SEBI.		
	shareholders are not entitled to a fixed rate of dividend.		
8	a. Preference.	2	1
8	b. Equity.	2	1
	c. Both a and b.		
	d. None of these.		
	capital is invested for day to day operations of a business.		
9	a. Fixed.	2	1
	b. Working. c. Nominal.		1
	d. None of these.		
	a. Agricultural.		
10	b. Share of profit from partnership firm.	2	1
	c. Both a and b.		
	d. None of these.		
	Section B (Four questions of five marks each)		
11	Describe the different types of audit which can be done by an auditor.	5	2
	Define the following terms:-		
12	a. Test checking	5	2
	b. Internal audit		
13	Describe the main duties of an auditor.	5	2
10			
14	Discuss the different aspects of vouching the following:-	5	2
14	a. Purchases of goods.	3	2
	b. Travelling expenditure bill		
	Section C (3 Questions of 10 Marks each)		
	Suresh has incurred preventive health check up expense on his family		
15	members (excluding parents) of Rs.8,000 and an amount of Rs.22,000 on	10	3
	his parent's medical treatment. How much amount suresh can claim as		
	deduction. Apply the provisions of income tax act.		
	Manisha has earned a income of Rs.7,00,000 and the assessing officer		
16	sends a notice demanding 20% tax as it falls in 20% bracket. Is he	10	3
	justified in doing so. If not determine the correct amount of tax payable (if		
	any).		

17	Sonal has obtained a home loan of Rs.5,00,000 on 01/08/2009 for construction of house at 8% rate of interest. The construction was completed on 15/12/2012. Apply the income tax provisions and tell how much amount can be claimed as a deduction in the financial year 2012-13.	10	3
	Section D (Two questions of 15 marks each)		
18	An auditor has to follow many regulations of different acts and rules so that the books of accounts show a true and fair view of affairs of business. Name and explain any two such acts or rules in detail.	15	4
19	Manohar has a taxable income of Rs.14,00,000 and he approaches his tax consultant to suggest measures of reducing his tax liability. As a tax consultant or financial advisor suggest some ways of minimizing tax liability. Also suggest whether the total tax payable can be reduced to zero or not.	15	4