



Name:

Enrolment No:

**UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES**

**End Semester Examination, May 2023**

**Course: BA-ECO**

**Program: Financial Economics**

**Course Code: ECON 3017**

**Semester: VI**

**Time: 03 hrs.**

**Max. Marks: 100**

**Instructions:**

**SECTION A**  
**10Qx2M=20Marks**

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	MCQ		
I.	Which of the following factors affect the time value of money?  a) Inflation  b) Interest rates  c). Both a) and b)  d) None of the above	<b>2</b>	<b>CO1</b>
II.	Which of the following is an example of diversification in portfolio management?  a) Investing all funds in a single stock  b) Investing all funds in a single sector  c). Investing funds in multiple stocks across different sectors  d) Investing funds in multiple stocks within the same sector	<b>2</b>	<b>CO1</b>
III.	Which of the following is not a factor that should be considered when constructing a portfolio?  a) Investment horizon  b) Risk tolerance	<b>2</b>	<b>CO1</b>

	<p>c). Market trends</p> <p>d) Financial goals</p>		
IV.	<p>The Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM) is used to:</p> <p>a) Calculate a stock's intrinsic value</p> <p>b) Measure a stock's risk</p> <p>c). Estimate a stock's expected return</p> <p>d) All of the above</p>	<b>2</b>	<b>CO1</b>
V.	<p>The term "diversification" refers to:</p> <p>a) Investing in multiple stocks in the same industry</p> <p>b) Investing in stocks and bonds</p> <p>c.) Spreading investments across different asset classes and sectors</p> <p>d) Investing in high-risk, high-reward stocks</p>	<b>2</b>	<b>CO1</b>
VI.	<p>The time value of money refers to:</p> <p>a) The fact that money can earn interest over time</p> <p>b) The fact that the value of money changes over time due to inflation</p> <p>c) The fact that the present value of money is greater than its future value</p> <p>d).The fact that the future value of money is greater than its present value</p>	<b>2</b>	<b>CO1</b>
VII.	<p>An investor who wants to invest in a portfolio of stocks that replicates the performance of a market index would choose:</p> <p>a) An actively managed mutual fund</p> <p>b). A passively managed mutual fund or an exchange-traded fund (ETF)</p> <p>c) A hedge fund</p>	<b>2</b>	<b>CO1</b>

	d) A private equity fund		
VIII.	<p>The term "leverage" refers to:</p> <p>a). The use of borrowed funds to increase potential returns</p> <p>b) The degree of risk associated with an investment</p> <p>c) The potential return on an investment</p> <p>d) The market value of an asset</p>	<b>2</b>	<b>CO1</b>
IX.	<p>Which of the following is not a capital budgeting technique?</p> <p>a) Payback period</p> <p>b) Internal rate of return (IRR)</p> <p>c) Net present value (NPV)</p> <p>d). Market capitalization</p>	<b>2</b>	<b>CO1</b>
X.	<p>What is the payback period in capital budgeting?</p> <p>a). The time it takes to earn back the initial investment</p> <p>b) The time it takes for the project to break even</p> <p>c) The time it takes to achieve a specified rate of return</p> <p>d) The time it takes for the project to reach its maximum value</p>	<b>2</b>	<b>CO1</b>
<p><b>SECTION B</b></p> <p><b>4Qx5M= 20 Marks</b></p>			
Q2	Mr. Nadeem owes a total of \$4,060 which includes 12% interest for the three years he borrowed the money. How much did he originally borrow?	<b>5</b>	<b>CO2</b>
Q3	Explain the concept of unsystematic risk. What are the different types of unsystematic risk	2+3	<b>CO2</b>
Q4	What is beta? How it is interpreted?	<b>2+3</b>	<b>CO2</b>

Q5	write notes on:  a) purchasing power risk; and  b) market risk	2.5+2.5	CO2
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**SECTION-C**  
**3Qx10M=30 Marks**

Q6	From the following information you are required to calculate the risk.  <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Possible return</th> <th>Probability</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>40</td> <td>0.10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>50</td> <td>0.30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>60</td> <td>0.40</td> </tr> <tr> <td>70</td> <td>0.10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>80</td> <td>0.10</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Possible return	Probability	40	0.10	50	0.30	60	0.40	70	0.10	80	0.10	10	CO3
Possible return	Probability														
40	0.10														
50	0.30														
60	0.40														
70	0.10														
80	0.10														

Q7	With the following information, you are required to calculate the Beta of a stock using regression model: $\Sigma XY = 2160.49$ ; $\Sigma X = 49.82$ ; $\Sigma Y = 111.69$ ; $\Sigma X^2 = 1432.75$ ; $n = 12$ Where, Y is the stock return and X is the market return.	10	CO3
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Q8	Initial investment is Rs 20,000  Net Cash Flow at the end of:  1 <sup>st</sup> year = Rs 15,000; 2 <sup>nd</sup> year = Rs. 3,500; 3 <sup>rd</sup> year =Rs. 8,000; 4 <sup>th</sup> year= 8,000.  Cost of Capital/Discount Rate is 10%.  The present Value of Re 1 at 10% cost of capital from 1 <sup>st</sup> year to 4 <sup>th</sup> year are 0.909, 0.826, 0.751, and 0.683.  Calculate Net-Present Value and comment on the same.	10	CO3
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**SECTION-D**  
**2Qx15M= 30 Marks**

Q9	<p>an investor owns a portfolio composed of 5 securities with the following characteristics:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Security</th> <th>beta</th> <th>Random error term standard deviation (percent)</th> <th>Proportion</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1.35</td> <td>5</td> <td>0.10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>1.05</td> <td>9</td> <td>0.20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>0.80</td> <td>4</td> <td>0.15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>1.50</td> <td>12</td> <td>0.30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>1.12</td> <td>8</td> <td>0.25</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>If the standard deviation of the market index is 20%, what is the total risk of the portfolio?</p>	Security	beta	Random error term standard deviation (percent)	Proportion	1	1.35	5	0.10	2	1.05	9	0.20	3	0.80	4	0.15	4	1.50	12	0.30	5	1.12	8	0.25	<b>15</b>	<b>CO3</b>
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Q10	<p>a) ABC Co Ltd. Issues 1000, 10% debenture of Rs 100 each at a premium of 2% redeemable debenture after 10 years. If the marginal tax rate is 50%, find out the after-tax cost of debenture.</p> <p>b) Suppose a share is currently selling at ₹120. An investor who is interested in the share anticipates that the company will pay a dividend of Rs 5 in the next year. Moreover, he expects to sell the share at ₹175 after one year. Calculate the expected return from the investment.</p>	<b>10</b> + <b>10</b> =15	<b>CO4</b>																								