


Name:			
Enrolment No:			
UPES End Semester Examination, May 2024			
Course: Operating System Program: B. Tech E&CE Course Code: CSEG 2007		Semester: IV Time: 03 hrs. Max. Marks: 100	
Instructions: 1. Attempt all the questions wisely. 2. All questions in section A, B and C are compulsory. 3. However, an internal choice to attempt any one question has given in question 9 of section B and question 11 of section C.			
SECTION A (5Qx4M=20Marks)			
S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Define process and explain process control block?	4	CO1
Q 2	Discuss the different types of semaphore and its application.	4	CO2
Q 3	Explain the term deadlock in OS.	4	CO3
Q 4	Discuss what is seek time and transfer time.	4	CO5
Q 5	Explain page fault in OS.	4	CO4
SECTION B (4Qx10M= 40 Marks)			
Q 6.	Explain resource allocation graph and its usage.	10	CO3
Q 7	Explain following concepts. i) Demand paging. ii) Thrashing iii) Fragmentation	10	CO4
Q 8	Suppose a disk drive has 400 cylinders, numbered 0 to 399. The driver is currently serving a request at cylinder 143 and previous request was at cylinder 125. The queue of pending request in FIFO order is: 86,147,312,91,177,48,309,222,175,130. Starting from the current head position what is the total distance in cylinders that the disk to satisfy all the pending request for each of the following disk scheduling algorithms? i) FCFS ii) LOOK iii) SCAN	10	CO5
Q 9	Explain the following concept. i) Bound Waiting ii) Multiprocessing operating system	10	CO1, CO2

	iii) OS functions <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> Consider the following page reference string: 1, 2, 3, 4, 2, 1, 5, 6, 2, 1, 2, 3, 7, 6, 3, 2, 1, 2, 3, 6. How many page faults would occur for the following replacement algorithms, assuming 4 frames. i) LRU replacement, ii) FIFO replacement																																																																							
SECTION-C (2Qx20M=40 Marks)																																																																								
Q 10	Consider a paged memory system with 5 GB logical address space, 64 MB physical address space and 4KB size page. Furthermore, each page table entry is of 16 bits. Then calculate the following. i) Bits in page offset ii) Number of pages in process iii) Bits for page number iv) Number of frames in physical memory v) Bits for frame vi) Page table size.	20	CO4																																																																					
Q 11	Consider the following system with 5 processes and 4 resources. A has total of 3 instances, B has 14 instances, C has 12 instances and D has 12 instances. In the table given below, column entry from 2 to 5 denotes the current resource allocation to each process and last four column represent the maximum resource required by a process of each type to complete. <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2"></th> <th colspan="3">Current allocation</th> <th colspan="3">Remaining need</th> <th colspan="3">Current available</th> </tr> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P1</td> <td>2</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>2</td> <td>0</td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>P2</td> <td>3</td> <td>0</td> <td>3</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>P3</td> <td>2</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>P4</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>2</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> Answer the following questions using banker's algorithm: i) What are contents of Maximum need matrix? ii) Is the system in safe state? iii) If request for process P2 arrives for (0,0,1). Can the request be granted immediately? <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> Explain the following concepts: i) Indexed File allocation ii) Contiguous File allocation iii) Multiprocessing vs Multitasking OS iv) Process state diagram		Current allocation			Remaining need			Current available			A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C	P0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	P1	2	0	0	2	0	2				P2	3	0	3	0	0	0				P3	2	1	1	1	0	0				P4	0	0	2	0	0	2				20	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO5
	Current allocation			Remaining need			Current available																																																																	
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P0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0																																																															
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P2	3	0	3	0	0	0																																																																		
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P4	0	0	2	0	0	2																																																																		