Name:

Enrolment No:



UPES

End Semester Examination, December 2024

Course: Food Preservation TechnologySemester: IIIProgram: B.Tech Food TechnologyDuration: 3 HoursCourse Code: HSFT2013Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: Read each question carefully and answer

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	Section A		
S. No.	MCQs	Marks	COs
	(20Qx1.5M= 30 Marks)		
Q1	Statement 1: Freezing with nitrogen or carbon dioxide gas is rapid freezing.	1.5	CO4
	Statement 2: Supercooling is a property of food products.		
	a) True, False		
	b) True, True		
	c) False, False		
	d) False, True		
Q2	Statement 1: When food items are frozen, there is a drop in temperature	1.5	CO4
	followed by a further drop when they freeze.		
	Statement 2: Fish should be rapidly frozen, not slowly frozen.		
	a) True, False		
	b) True, True		
	c) False, False		
	d) False, True		
Q3	Freon group of refrigerants are:	1.5	CO4
	a) Inflammable		
	b) Toxic		
	c) Non-inflammable and toxic		
	d) Nontoxic and non-inflammable		
Q4	When the crystallization process takes place for a long time, the size of the	1.5	CO4
	crystals is		
	a) Small		
	b) Large		
	c) No crystals formed		
	d) None of the mentioned		
Q5	Ice crystals in frozen meat should be formed by rapid crystallization.	1.5	CO4
	a) True		
	b) False		
Q6	Which of the following dryer is used to dry seeds?	1.5	CO2
	a) Spray dryer		
	b) Cabinet tray dryer		
	c) Pneumatic dryer		
	d) Fluidized bed dryer		

Q7	The temperatures used for canning foods ranges from	1.5	CO2
	a) 0-20 degree C		
	b) 20-60 degree C		
	c) 60-100 degree C		
	d) 100-121 degree C		
Q8	Which of the following is the time-temperature combination for HTST	1.5	CO2
	pasteurization?		
	a) 72°C to 74°C for 15 to 20 seconds		
	b) 135°C to 140°C for 2 to 4 seconds		
	c) 63°C for 30 minutes		
	d) 57°C to 68°C for 15 min		
Q9	Which of the following is the time-temperature combination for Sterilization?	1.5	CO3
	a) 72°C to 74°C for 15 to 20 seconds		
	b) 135°C to 140°C for 2 to 4 seconds		
	c) 63°C for 30 minutes		
	d) 115 – 120°C for some 10 – 20 minutes		
Q10	Which of the following dryer is best for powdered or granular samples?	1.5	CO3
	a) Fluidized bed dryer		
	b) Drum dryer		
	c) Cabinet tray dryer		
	d) Pneumatic dryer		
Q11	Heat exchanger works on which of the following principles?	1.5	CO3
	a) Direct heating		
	b) Indirect heating		
	c) Slow heating		
	d) Fast heating		
Q12	Which of the following is the target microbe in commercial sterilization?	1.5	CO3
	a) Pseudomonas aeruginosa		
	b) Bacillus anthracis		
	c) Salmonella typhi		
	d) Clostridium botulinum		
Q13	Which process is generally carried out by retorts?	1.5	CO3
	a) Pasteurization		
	b) Freezing		
	c) Blanching		
	d) Sterilization		
Q14	The quality problem for sliced apples and potatoes is:	1.5	CO2
	a) Enzymatic browning		
	b) Lipolytic rancidity		
	c) Hydrolytic rancidity		
	d) Putrefaction		
Q15	In drying of fruit which chemical is used to minimize browning:	1.5	CO2
	a) Carbon dioxide		
	b) Sulphur dioxide		

	c) Benzene		
	d) Chlorophyll		
Q16	The main causative spoilage organisms of dried fruits and vegetables are:	1.5	CO1
	a) Mould		
	b) Yeast		
	c) Bacteria		
	d) All of them		
Q17	Subjecting fats to high temperature in the presence of oxygen such that fats	1.5	CO3
	deteriorate is called		
	a) Hydrolytic rancidity		
	b) Auto-oxidation		
	c) Thermal decomposition		
	d) Lipolysis		
Q18	Rice has a higher water activity than apples.	1.5	CO6
	a) True		
	b) False		
Q19	Viruses can be eliminated by irradiation.	1.5	CO6
	a) True		
	b) False		
Q20	Name any three traditional food preservation methods.	1.5	CO5
	Section B		
	(4Qx5M=20 Marks)		
Q 1	Differentiate between dehydration and drying. Describe three food dryers in	5	CO5
	brief.		
Q 2	Define tonne of refrigeration. Explain the working of the refrigeration system	5	CO4
	with components.		
Q 3	Describe the importance of canning and also explain various canning	5	CO3
	equipment. List down reasons for food spoilage. (2.5+2.5 marks)		
Q 4	What do you understand by crystallization? Differentiate between slow and	5	CO4
	quick freezing. (2.5+2.5 marks)		
	Section C		
	(2Qx15M=30 Marks)		
Q 1	Nancy works at a cheese processing unit. They subject the cheese to	15	CO3
	oxidation. Which of the following comments pertaining to the above		
	scenario are correct? (2 marks)		
	a) Oxidation is necessary for products like cheese		
	b) Lipid Oxidation is otherwise a major concern for the food industry		
	c) Deterioration of fats and oils is called rancidity		
	d) All of the mentioned.		
	i. What are the various factors responsible for rancidity? (3		
	marks)		
	ii. What is frying and its principle? (5 marks)		
	iii. Describe different food frying methods. (5 marks)		

Q 2	Sunil owns a fruit and vegetable processing unit, and it produces canned fruit	15	CO5		
~ -	slices as its final product. Answer the following questions:				
	a) Describe the principle and working of the canning process with the steps				
	of the canning process. (10 marks)				
	b) Suggest and describe the canning process for two food commodities. (5				
	marks)				
	Section D				
(2Qx10M=20 Marks)					
Q 1	Explain the following processes (2 marks each):	10	CO5		
	a) Thawing				
	b) Roasting				
	c) Concentration				
	d) Canning				
	e) Evaporation				
Q 2	What is the importance of food preservation? Describe the concept of	10	CO1		
	microwave processing.				