Name:

Enrolment No:



UPES

End Semester Examination, December 2024

Course: GE Module on X Ray and CT

Semester : 5th

Program: B.Tech Biomedical Engineering

Duration : 3 Hours

Course Code: HSBE 3003_3 Max. Marks: 100

 $\textbf{Instructions:} \ \text{Attempt all the questions.} \ \text{Use of non-programmable scientific calculator in}$

permitted.

S. No.	Section A	Marks	COs
	Short answer questions/ MCQ/T&F		
	(20Qx1.5M= 30 Marks)		
Q1	The dual source CT employs two pairs of source-detector	1.5	CO4
	assembly at 90°. Is this statement true or false?		
Q2	What do you mean by tomography?	1.5	CO4
Q3	The pressure inside the X-ray tube is greater than 10 ⁻¹⁰ atm.	1.5	CO2
	Is this statement true or false?		
Q4	Define osteoporosis.	1.5	CO3
Q5	DEXA utilizes two X-Ray beams of different energies. Is this	1.5	CO3
	statement true or false?		
Q6	The rotating anode is composed of 90% tungsten and 10%	1.5	CO1
	rhenium. Is this statement true or false?		
Q7	Which of the following is true for X-Rays?	1.5	CO1
	a. they are electromagnetic longitudinal waves		
	b. they are electromagnetic transverse waves		
	c. they are mechanical transverse waves		
	d. they are mechanical longitudinal waves		
Q8	Define T score in a DEXA scan.	1.5	CO3

Q9	DEXA scan gives early indication of bone fracture	1.5	CO3
Ψ,	possibilities. Is this statement true or false?	1.0	
	positionities. Is this statement true of false.		
Q10	The X-Ray absorption capability of grey matter is between	1.5	CO4
	30 – 40 HU. Is this statement true or false?		
Q11	Soft X-rays are characterized by energy greater than 5 – 10	1.5	CO1
	keV. Is this statement true or false?		
Q12	Define differential absorption.	1.5	CO2
Q13	Rectification is not essential in X-Ray tube. Is this statement	1.5	CO2
	true or false?		
Q14	Define radiographic opacity.	1.5	CO2
Q15	Inherent filtration is insufficient to ensure X-Ray radiation	1.5	CO2
	protection. Is this statement true or false?		
Q16	The percentage of grey matter and white matter in the brain	1.5	CO4
	is respectively:		
	a. 30% and 70%		
	b. 40% and 60%		
	c. 60% and 40%		
	d. none of the above		
Q17	Stationary anode is mostly preferred in X-Ray tubes. Is this	1.5	CO2
	statement true or false?		
Q18	Define maximum permissible dose.	1.5	CO1
Q19	The kVp and mAs settings help in controlling radiation	1.5	CO2
	dosage. Is this statement true or false?		
Q20	X-Rays do not lead to biological changes in the body. Is this	1.5	CO1
	statement true or false?		
	Section B		
	(4Qx5M=20 Marks)		
Q 1	Describe the photoelectric effect with the help of a suitable	5	CO1
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	diagram.	3	
Q2	Write a short note on the importance of and type of results	5	CO3
~~	obtained from a DEXA scan.		
Q3	What are the factors affecting contrast resolution in CT scan?	5	CO4
Q4	Calculate the percentage of X-ray beam absorbed by a bone	5	CO2
	of thickness 5 cm and mass attenuation coefficient of 0.7		
	cm ² /gm. Assume density of the bone is 2.2 gm/cm ³ .		
	Section C		

	(2Qx15M=30 Marks)		
Q 1	Discuss the construction of the X-Ray tube.	15	CO2
Q2	(a) Explain coherent and incoherent scattering of X-Rays.	10+5 = 15	CO1
	(b) Calculate the minimum Compton shift of an X-Ray photon after it collides with an electron.		
	Section D		
	(2Qx10M=20 Marks)		
Q 1	Explain the basic factors which influence image quality in	10	CO4
	CT scan.		
Q2	Explain the operation of a DEXA scan equipment.	10	CO3