## Name:

## **Enrolment No:**



## **UPES**

## **End Semester Examination, December 2024**

**Course: Food Process Plant Design Program: B.Tech Food Technology** Course Code: HSFT4003

Semester: VII **Duration: 3 Hours** Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: Read each question carefully and answer			
S. No.	Section A	Marks	COs
	Short answer questions/ MCQ/T&F		
	(20Qx1.5M= 30 Marks)		
Q1	In which layout is the work-in-process inventory generally	1.5	CO4
	maximum?		
	a) Product		
	b) Process		
	c) Group		
	d) All of these		
Q2	Which type of industry uses rigidly controlled channels like	1.5	CO4
	tubes, pipes and conveyors for continuous flow of materials?		
	a) None of these		
	b) Repetitive process		
	c) Intermittent process		
	d) Continuous process		
Q3	Which layout would you recommend for a standardized product	1.5	CO4
	having a large stable demand?		
	a) Group		
	b) Process		
	c) All of these		
	d) Product		
Q4	The Break-even Point of a company is the level of sales income	1.5	CO4
	which will equal the sum of its fixed cost.		
	a) True		
	b) False		
Q5	Which of the following are characteristics of the Break-even	1.5	CO4
	Point?		
	a) There is no loss and no profit to the firm.		
	b) Total revenue is equal to total cost.		
	c) Contribution is equal to fixed cost.		
	d) All of the above.		

Q6	Which of the following does not cause production delay?	1.5	CO2
	a) Shortage of space		
	b) Long-distance movement of materials		
	c) Spoiled work		
	d) Minimum material handling		
Q7	In which of the following layout type, materials are fed into the	1.5	CO2
	first machine and finished products come out of the last machine?		
	a) Product layout		
	b) Process layout		
	c) Fixed position layout		
	d) Cellular manufacturing layout		
Q8	Using the equation method, the Break-even point is calculated as	1.5	CO2
	a) Sales = Variable expenses + Fixed expenses + Profit		
	b) Sales = Variable expenses + Fixed expenses - Profit		
	c) Sales = Variable expenses - Fixed expenses + Profit		
	d) None of the above		
Q9	Production is the process by which raw materials and other inputs	1.5	CO3
	are converted into:		
	a) Finished product.		
	b) Services.		
	c) Satisfaction.		
	d) Loyalty		
Q10	Input in a production system includes:	1.5	CO3
	a) Organization, output.		
	b) Process, procedure.		
	c) System, supply.		
	d) Men, materials.		
Q11	Two types of process scheduling are namely	1.5	CO3
Q12	The advantage of locating a plant in the urban (city) side is.	1.5	CO3
	a) Cheap availability of land.		
	b) Disposal of waste is easy.		
	c) The cost of operation is low.		
	d) Large markets for finished products.		
Q13	The unavailability of skilled labour is a big problem if we locate	1.5	CO3
	our factory in		
	a) Road		
	b) Rural		
	c) City		
	d) Foreign.		
Q14	refers to the arrangement of machinery, equipment and	1.5	CO2
	other industrial facilities.		

	a) Plant lining.		
	b) Plant location.		
	c) Facility location.		
	d) Plant layout.		
Q15	The objective of a good layout is to	1.5	CO2
	a) Reduce production.		
	b) Reduce wastage.		
	c) Reduce productivity.		
	d) Reduce labour.		
Q16	Every foot of available space should be used effectively is a	1.5	CO1
	principle of		
	a) Sequence.		
	b) Safety.		
	c) Flexibility.		
	d) Usage.		
Q17	type of layout is also called a functional layout.	1.5	CO3
	a) Process.		
	b) Product.		
	c) Line.		
	d) Matrix.		
Q18	Product layout is also calledlayout.	1.5	CO6
	a) Line		
	b) Cellular.		
	c) Process.		
	d) Functional.		
Q19	Product layout is suitable fortype of production.	1.5	CO6
	a) Small.		
	b) Mass.		
	c) Less.		
	d) Medium.		
Q20	Production planning and control starts with	1.5	CO5
	a) Routing.		
	b) Estimating.		
	c) Scheduling.		
	d) Expediting.		
	Section B		
	(4Qx5M=20 Marks)	_	
Q 1	Describe the importance of process scheduling in a food	5	CO5
	processing plant. How it play an important role in productivity?		$\perp$
Q 2	Explain the importance of ventilation facilities in food processing	5	CO4
	plants with some design considerations.		

Q 3	Describe the importance of pilot plant studies in detail.	5	CO3
Q 4	What are the major categories of process flow diagrams?	5	CO4
	Section C	'	<u>'</u>
	(2Qx15M=30 Marks)		
Q 1	Suresh wants to set up a dairy processing plant. As a food	15	CO3
	technologist, how can you assist and suggest him? (5 marks)		
	i. Write about the preparation of the feasibility report.		
	(5 marks)		
	ii. How can he identify the location of the plant? (5		
	marks)		
Q 2	Anita, a food technology graduate, was assigned the task of	15	CO5
	troubleshooting the issues occurring in a fruit and vegetable		
	drying plant.		
	i. Describe the importance of symbols in plant layout f	or	
	her. Draw four types of line symbols (10 marks)		
	ii. How is experimentation in a pilot plant important? (	(5	
	marks)		
	Section D		
	(2Qx10M=20 Marks)		
Q 1	Describe the broad guidelines for the following:	10	CO5
	a) preparation of the site layout.		
	b) Design considerations for lighting in a processing plant	.	
Q 2	What is the importance of plant size and plant location? Elabora	ite 10	CO1
	in detail.		
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